

## **Chapter 6: Thematic Analysis**

Ross, J. A. & Green, C. (2011) Inside the experience of anorexia nervosa: a narrative thematic analysis, *Counselling & Psychotherapy Research*, 11(2):112-119

This article is an example of qualitative research utilising a form of narrative thematic analysis, so it serves as a good example of both thematic analysis and a narrative analysis. The authors analysed interview data to ultimately explore the experience of inpatient treatments for anorexia nervosa, whilst also looking more holistically at the experience of having anorexia nervosa, its impact on the participant's lives and their experiences of treatment. The authors did not code the material but looked for ideas, themes and connections between materials, whilst also aiming to allow a more 'layered' narrative structure to emerge.

Robinson, O. C., Demetre, J. D. & Corney, R.H. (2011) The variable experiences of becoming retired and seeking retirement guidance: a qualitative thematic analysis, *British Journal of Guidance & Counselling*, 39(3):239-258.

This article is an example of qualitative research utilising thematic analysis, following the 'non-branded' generic approach outlined by Braun & Clark (2006). A team of four researchers conducted the analysis using both inductive and deductive processes.

Gardner, B., Davies, A., McAteer, J. & Michie, S. (2010) Beliefs underlying UK parents' views towards MMR promotion interventions: a qualitative study, *Psychology, Health & Medicine*, 15(2):220-230.

This article is a further example of qualitative research utilising thematic analysis, in this study the researchers' utilised data from 5 focus groups with 28 participants in total.